

algebra	a generalization of arithmetic in which letters representing numbers are combined according to the rules of arithmetic
angles	a figure formed by two rays that have the same endpoint
coordinate	any of a set of numbers used in specifying the location of a point on a line, on a surface, or in space
coordinates	an ordered pair of numbers that locates a point in the coordinate plane with reference to the x- and y-axes
data	a set of numbers or other pieces of information

<p>graphs</p>	<p>a diagram (as a series of one or more points, lines, line segments, curves, or areas) that represents the variation of a variable in comparison with that of one or more other variables</p>
<p>grids</p>	<p>a network of uniformly spaced horizontal and perpendicular lines (as for locating points on a map)</p>
<p>line</p>	<p>a continuous straight path that goes on without end in opposite directions</p>
<p>plane</p>	<p>a geometric figure that has two dimensions</p>
<p>reasoning</p>	<p>the use of reason; especially : the drawing of inferences or conclusions through the use of reason</p>

sides

the line segments of a polygon, or the two rays that form an angle

simplest

describing a fraction whose numerator and denominator have the number 1 as the only common factor

strategy

a careful plan or method for achieving a particular goal usually over a long period of time

symmetry

the quality of something that has two sides or halves that are the same or very close in size, shape, and : the quality of having symmetrical parts

tables

a collection of information that is arranged in rows and columns

equation

an expression involving chemical symbols  
for a chemical reaction

functions

purposes or uses of something

key

a switch that completes the circuit in a  
telegraph system

order

a smaller group within a class of similar  
organisms

rules

guides or principles for conduct or action